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Title: Appellations of origin in México management, economics and finance

Author: ZAPATA-AGUILA, Apolinar

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ECORFAN-México, S.C. Holdings 143 – 50 Itzopan Street Mexico Colombia Guatemala La Florida, Ecatepec Municipality Bolivia Mexico State, 55120 Zipcode Cameroon **Democratic** www.ecorfan.org Phone: +52 | 55 6|59 2296 Spain Republic El Salvador Skype: ecorfan-mexico.s.c. Taiwan E-mail: contacto@ecorfan.org Ecuador of Congo Facebook: ECORFAN-México S. C. Peru **Paraguay** Nicaragua Twitter: @EcorfanC

Introduction.

México has an incomparable cultural richness, which fuses traditions, colors, aromas and products with unique regional characteristics that are not found in other parts of the world, due to factors such as the territory in which these goods are grown or produced.

Having a differentiated producto allows producers to charge a premium for them, becoming a great apportunity for those agri-food and manmade godos that, being associated with a region that includes: climate, temperature, soil, water, among others, have with specifications, which are not achieved when grown or processed in other parts of the world.

According to Ministry of Economy (2016) "The appellation of origin promotes the formation and consevation of local resources, helps the development of viable technologies for sustainable production and generates trained human capital by teaching techniques to new generations" (p. 12).

The purpose of this research study is to expose the áreas of opportunity of the appellation of origin that exist in Mexico.

The appellation of origin is a distinctive that declares the Mexican Institute of Industrial Property (IMPI) to products with special characteristics that differ from goods of same type, which usually bear the name to the place where they are produced.

Metodology

The present research consisted of four phases:

In the first, official pages of the Federal Government and IMPI were consulte, as well as publications related to the subject of the institutions involved and Higher Education Institutions, which have carried out research on appellations of origin.

In the second phase, each of the 18 apellations in force in Mexico were described. In the third phase, the general current situation of appellations of origin of the products recognized with this distinctive was analyzed and in the fourth phase, conclusions were presented regarding the findings found in the theoretical analysis carried out.

Results



There is little organization of the producers around the Appelation of Origin (DO). Added to these problems are the problems of forming the Regulatory Councils, as antities in charge of validing the production processes to provide certainly to markets.

The weak integration of the main link in the productive chains that are the producers, is being a real challenge, for the operation of the apellations of origin, in some cases due to the geographical dispersion in which they are local, and in others, due to the fact that producers often have different interests, and see their peers as competition, rather than trading partners.

Conclusions

The DO present problems in common and individually, one of the main ones is the integration of the productive chains, wich allows all the links to know what a DO is, how it benefits them and how they can be integrated into the productive chain that corresponds to them.

Although the Tequila DO is being one of the most exploited, after achieving not only the successful commercialization of the product internacionally, and the link with the tourism sector for the use of the agave lanscape, as a travel experience. The reality is that the transnational companies are the main baneficiares of the DO, which is the regional development of communities at a social and economic level.

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